

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Members of
Arya Communications and Electronics Services Private limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Arya Communications and Electronics Services Private Limited** ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together referred to as financial statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2019, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Director's is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Independent Auditor's report (continued)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



Independent Auditor's report (continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account and proper returns adequate for the purpose of our audit have been received from branches not visited by us.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act; read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March 2019, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B" which expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g. Since Company is private limited company, provisions of section 197 of the Act read with schedule V to the Act in respect of managerial remuneration are not applicable. Therefore, reporting as required by Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.



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Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's report (continued)

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. Refer note 27.1 of the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There are no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For N.A Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 116560W / W100149



Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No: 103286



Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 JUN 2019

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's report (continued)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31st March 2019

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of **Arya Communications and Electronics Services Private Limited** ('the Company') on financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2019. We report that:

i. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:

- The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- All the fixed assets have been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company does not own any immovable property. Therefore, clause (i) (c) of para 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ii. In respect of its inventories:

The inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material.

iii. In respect of loans granted:

The Company has granted interest bearing unsecured loan to a Company during the year, which are listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. The details are as per table below:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Nature	Opening balance	Amount given / debited	Amount repaid / credited	Closing balance*
Company in which Directors are common	Loan	Nil	5,000,000	Nil	5,000,000

* Excluding interest

- In respect of Interest bearing loan, as per opinion and considering the information and explanations given to us, terms and conditions for loans are prima facie not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - In respect of loan granted, In absence of repayment terms, the principal and the interest amount are considered as payable on demand or as maybe mutually agreed between the parties. As informed to us, principal and interest was not demanded and as a result of which, question of our comment on regularity of repayment of principal and payment of interest does not arise.
 - In respect of loan granted, there are no overdue amounts in respect of principal and interest for the year ended 31st March 2019.
- iv. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or given any guarantee's or provided any security to any of its directors or any person connected to directors which attracts the provisions of section 185 of the Act from the date when it became effective. The Company has complied with the provisions of 186 of the Act in respect of loans granted and investments made from the date when this section was effective. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security in connection with any loan for which compliance under section 186 of the act is required.



Independent Auditor's report (continued)

- v. In our opinion and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits. Therefore, question of reporting compliance with directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and rules framed thereunder does not arise. We are informed that no order relating to the Company has been passed by the Company law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given, since Company is engaged in trading activity, provisions of section 148 (1) of the Act do not apply to the Company. Therefore, in our opinion, no comment on maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) is required.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company in respect of amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account,
- (a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable to the Company, during the year with the appropriate authorities. There are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at 31st March, 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the records of the Company and information and explanations given to us, there are no dues in respect of income tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and cess that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii. Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks during the year. The Company has not borrowed any money from financial institutions, government or debenture holders.
- ix. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied for the purpose for which they were obtained.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books of account and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the Information and explanations given to us, we have neither noticed nor have been informed by the management, any incidence of fraud by the Company or on the Company by its employees/officers.
- xi. Section 197 of the Act relating to payment of managerial remuneration is not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the question of ensuring compliance with section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act does not arise.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and therefore, clause (xii) of para 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standard. Further, Section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Therefore, question of ensuring compliance with Sections 177 does not arise.



N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's report (continued)

- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment and private placement of shares or fully or partially convertible debentures during the year. Therefore, question of ensuring compliance with section 42 of the Act does not arise.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or holding or subsidiary or associate company or any person connected with them and therefore, clause (xv) of para 3 the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W / W100149



Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No: 103286

Place: Mumbai
Date: 28 JUN 2019

Independent Auditor's report (continued)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31st March 2019
[Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Arya Communications and Electronics Services Private limited** ("the Company"), as of 31st March, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year then ended.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI').

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note'), issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



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Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's report (continued)

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 116560W / W100149



Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No: 103286



Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 JUN 2019



Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited

CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2019

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2	40,00,000	40,00,000
Reserves and surplus	3	33,39,76,657	27,56,97,976
		33,79,76,657	27,96,97,976
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	4	22,57,385	29,59,799
Other long-term liabilities	5	-	7,45,684
		22,57,385	37,05,483
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	6	3,87,00,399	1,94,23,079
Trade payables	7		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,56,747	-
- Total outstanding dues of trade payables other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		27,01,97,158	37,63,81,081
Other current liabilities	8	4,86,25,414	4,24,66,144
Short-term provisions	9	19,44,206	47,91,950
		35,97,23,924	44,30,62,254
Total		69,99,57,966	72,64,65,713
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets			
- Tangible assets	10	2,93,62,376	1,41,05,588
- Intangible assets	10	90,909	95,726
- Capital work-in-progress	10	-	30,68,369
Non-current investments	11	1,00,25,000	25,000
Deferred tax asset (net)	30	92,78,273	65,51,038
Long-term loans and advances	12	6,08,89,100	3,37,72,949
Other non-current assets	13	1,36,70,189	1,50,14,563
		12,33,15,847	7,20,33,233
Current assets			
Inventories	14	10,82,33,483	15,49,52,826
Trade receivables	15	41,08,17,097	40,75,96,486
Cash and bank balances	16	3,20,86,785	6,60,88,930
Short-term loans and advances	17	1,97,65,057	1,60,14,038
Other current assets	18	57,39,697	91,80,200
		57,66,42,119	65,38,32,480
Total		69,99,57,966	72,64,65,713

Significant accounting policies

1

Notes

2 to 40

Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 116560W / W 100149

Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No.: 103286

Place: Mumbai

Dated: 28th June 2019



For and on behalf of the Board of directors of

Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited

K.B. Kotak

Director

DIN: 00010788

28 JUN 2019

D.K. Kotak

Director

DIN: 00013988

28 JUN 2019




Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on 31st March 2019

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2019	For the year ended 31st March 2018
Revenue from operations	19	1,49,40,57,757	1,84,82,34,547
Other income	20	32,36,245	39,06,975
Total revenue		1,49,72,94,002	1,85,21,41,522
Expenses			
Purchases of stock-in-trade	38	1,00,18,46,810	1,30,14,92,991
Changes in inventories of finished goods	21	4,48,20,952	(1,42,88,618)
Direct expenses	22	1,52,17,931	1,79,06,813
Employee benefit expenses	23	20,55,80,546	20,23,27,557
Administrative and selling expenses	24	13,67,92,026	11,46,88,892
Finance costs	25	50,82,748	1,44,50,924
Depreciation and amortization expense	10	72,59,355	42,32,403
Total expenses		1,41,66,00,368	1,64,08,10,962
Profit before tax		8,06,93,634	21,13,30,560
Tax Expenses			
- Current tax		2,54,00,000	5,96,00,000
- Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(27,27,235)	1,53,79,992
- (Excess) / short provision for current & deferred tax for earlier years (net)		(2,57,812)	(12,11,350)
Profit / (loss) for the year		5,82,78,681	13,75,61,918
Earnings per equity share:			
Basic & Diluted (Face Value of Rs. 100 each)	31	1,456.97	3,439.05
Significant accounting policies	1		
Notes	2 to 40		
Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of financial statements			

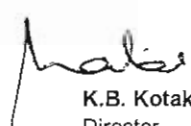
As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W / W100149

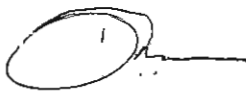

Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286



For and on behalf of the Board of directors of
Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited


K.B. Kotak
Director
DIN: 00010788

28 JUN 2019



D.K. Kotak
Director
DIN: 00013988

28 JUN 2019

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 28th June 2019



Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2019	For the year ended 31st March 2018
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net profit / (loss) before taxation	8,06,93,634	21,13,30,560
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation	72,59,355	42,32,403
Provision for doubtful trade receivables (net) written back	64,64,034	(4,29,79,669)
Provision for service tax credit written back	-	(35,00,000)
Finance charges	50,82,748	1,44,50,924
(Profit) / Loss on sale/discard of fixed assets(net)	(4,68,499)	(13,535)
Unrealised exchange (gain) / loss	(16,24,056)	99,928
Provision for slow moving inventory add / (written back)	18,73,295	20,55,640
Provision for earnest money deposit	27,563	50,120
Provision for doubtful receivables	-	29,62,662
Interest received (including interest on income tax refund)	(26,84,145)	(38,62,705)
Dividend received	(4,375)	(7,500)
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	9,66,19,554	18,48,18,828
Adjustments for: (includes current & non current items)		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(97,86,596)	29,92,28,071
(Increase) / Decrease in loans & advances	(2,09,61,243)	92,35,241
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	4,48,46,050	(1,42,88,618)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables & other liabilities	(9,66,67,045)	(30,42,69,089)
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	(8,13,706)	(2,13,041)
Cash generated from operations	1,32,37,014	17,45,11,392
Direct taxes (paid) / refund (net)	(2,83,28,308)	(6,40,51,487)
Net cash flow from / (used) operating activities:	(1,50,91,294)	11,04,59,905
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets (including CWIP & capital advance)	(1,98,74,739)	(1,05,95,284)
Proceeds from sale of scrap of fixed assets	9,00,282	15,000
(Investment in) / refund of fixed deposits with bank (other than cash equivalent)	1,67,84,531	(1,97,63,055)
Loan given to related party	(50,00,000)	-
Interest received (including interest on income tax refund)	32,46,381	27,96,692
Less: Taxes paid on above	(9,03,143)	(9,67,935)
Investment made in preference shares	(1,00,00,000)	-
Dividend received	4,375	7,500
Net cash flow from / (used) in investment activities:	(1,48,42,313)	(2,85,07,082)






Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2019

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2019	For the year ended 31st March 2018
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Vehicle loan taken	-	37,70,000
Vehicle loan repayment	(6,47,039)	(8,73,553)
(Decrease) / Increase in cash credit facilities & borrowings	1,85,74,906	(7,13,72,728)
Receipt of unsecured loan (related party)	-	7,00,00,000
Repayment of unsecured loans (related party)	(14,73,500)	(7,85,26,500)
Interest paid	(50,82,748)	(1,34,91,014)
Net cash flow from / (used) in financing activities :	1,13,71,619	(9,04,93,795)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:	(1,85,61,988)	(85,40,972)
Cash & cash equivalents at opening	2,75,04,858	3,60,45,830
Cash & cash equivalents at closing	89,42,870	2,75,04,858
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:	(1,85,61,988)	(85,40,972)

Significant accounting policies 1
Notes 2 to 40
Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of financial statements

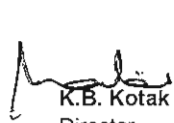
As per our report of even date attached
For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W / W100149

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of
Arya Communications & Electronics Services
Private Limited

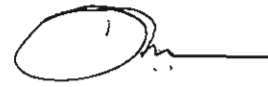


Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286




K.B. Kotak
Director

DIN: 00010788



D. K. Kotak
Director

DIN:00013988

Place: Mumbai
Dated: 28th June 2019



Corporate Information:

Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited ('the Company') is engaged in the business of trading, commission agent and rendering of services. The Company has three divisions i.e. Securecom, Arya Water Technologies (AWT) and Arya Infosystems.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. GAAP comprises mandatory Accounting Standards as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time and the Companies Act, 2013.

1.2 Presentation and disclosure of financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current & non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and time between acquisition of assets for sale of goods / rendering of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, operating cycle is less than 12 months. However, for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities 12 months have been considered as normal operating cycle.

1.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies, reported balance of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialize. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

1.4 Property Plant & Equipment (Tangible Asset)

- a) Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation and where applicable accumulated impairment losses. Gross carrying amount of all property, plant and equipment are measured using cost model.
- b) Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes purchase price including non - refundable taxes and duties, borrowing cost directly attributable to the qualifying asset, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and the present value of the expected cost for the dismantling/decommissioning of the asset (if applicable).
- c) Parts (major components) of an item of property, plant and equipment having different useful lives are accounted as separate items of property, plant and equipment.
- d) Capital work-in-progress comprises of cost incurred on property, plant and equipment under construction / acquisition that are not yet ready for their intended use at the Balance Sheet Date.





- e) Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statement either on disposal or when retired from active use. Assets held for disposal are stated at net realizable value. Losses arising in case of retirement of property, plant and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.
- f) Depreciation on the property, plant and equipment (other than freehold land and capital work in progress) is provided on written down value (WDV) method over their useful life which is in consonance with useful life mentioned in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except certain class of assets specified in table (i) below, based on internal assessment estimated by the management of the Company, where the useful life is lower than as mentioned in Schedule II.
- i. Assets whose depreciation rate / useful life are lower than as mentioned in Schedule II.

Asset	Depreciation
Individual assets whose cost does not exceed Rs. 5,000/-	Fully depreciated in the year of capitalization

- ii. The depreciation rate / useful life of the property, plant and equipment not covered in table (i) above are as follows:

Assets	Useful life (in years)
Plant & equipment	15
Computers	3
Servers	6
Furniture & fittings	10
Motor vehicles	8
Office equipment	5
Leasehold improvement*	5

* Leasehold improvement is depreciated on SLM basis.

- g) In case of assets purchased, sold or discarded during the year, depreciation on such assets is calculated on pro-rata basis from the date of such addition or as the case may be, up to the date on which such asset has been sold or discarded.
- h) Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively.

1.5 Intangible assets

- a) Intangible assets are recognized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to asset will flow to the company and the cost of assets can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition / development less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss if any.
- b) Cost of an intangible asset includes purchase price including non - refundable taxes and duties, borrowing cost directly attributable to the qualifying asset and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.





- c) Intangible assets under development comprises of cost incurred on intangible assets under development that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the Balance Sheet date.
- d) Amortization of intangible assets

Asset	Estimated useful life amortized on SLM basis
Software	3 years

- e) Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively.
- f) In case of assets purchased during the year, amortization on such assets is calculated on pro-rata basis from the date of such addition.

1.6 Impairment of assets:

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the fixed asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognized are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation/ amortization had no impairment loss been recognized in earlier years.

1.7 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value after providing for cost of obsolescence whenever considered necessary. The Cost comprises of cost of purchase, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable) and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. The Cost of inventory is determined on the basis of FIFO method.

1.8 Investments

Investments are classified as long-term investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value of long term investments is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, on an individual investment basis.

The cost of investments comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

In determining the holding cost of investment and the gain or loss on sale of investments, the 'weighted average cost' method is followed.





1.8.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- a) Sales of goods are recognized when significant risks and regards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer that generally coincides with delivery and are recorded net of sales tax or goods and services tax, rebates and trade discounts and sales returns.
- b) In cases, where material & installation orders are separately given by the customers, revenue for sale of goods is recognized on the basis of acceptance of goods by the customers.
- c) Service income
 - i. From annual maintenance contracts, revenue is recognized over the period of the contract on pro-rata basis and as and when services are rendered as per the terms of the contract.
 - ii. Agency commission income is recognized under the accrual basis, based on information available with the Company, except where there is significant uncertainty of recovery.
 - iii. In respect of other services, the revenue is recognized as and when the service is completed.

Incomes at sr. no. c) are accounted net of service tax (up to June 2017) or goods and services tax.

- d) Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.
- e) Dividend income on investment is accounted for in the year in which right to receive the payment is established.
- f) Rental income on assets given under operating lease agreements is recognized on a straight line basis over the lease term of respective lease agreement. It is accounted net of service tax or goods and services tax.

1.9 Foreign currency transactions

- a) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- b) As at balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated at closing exchange rate. Foreign currency non-monetary items are carried at historical cost using exchange rate on the date of transaction.
- c) Exchange difference arising on settlement or translation of foreign currency monetary items is recognized as income or expense in the year in which they arise.

1.10 Employee benefits

- a) Short term employee benefit

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized as





an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

As per the Company's policy privileged leave credit accumulated by the employees can neither be carried forward to the next year nor encashed. Accordingly, no provision is required to be made as at year end.

b) Post-employment benefits and other long-term benefits

i. Defined contribution plan

The defined contribution plan is post-employment benefit plan under which Company contributes fixed contribution to a government administered fund and will have no obligation to pay further contribution. The Company's defined contribution plan comprises of Provident Fund, Labour Welfare Fund Employee State Insurance Scheme, and Employee Pension Scheme. The Company's contribution to defined contribution plans are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

ii. Defined benefit plan & other long term benefits

The Company has defined benefit plans comprising of gratuity and other long term benefits in the form of sick leave benefits. Company's obligation towards gratuity liability is funded plan and is managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC). The present value of the defined benefit obligations and other long term employee benefits is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount defined benefit obligation is determined by reference to market yields at the Balance Sheet date on Indian Government Bonds for the estimated term of obligations. Actuarial gains or losses arising on account of experience adjustment and the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss as income or expense.

1.12 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or development of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest, exchange difference arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are treated as an adjustment to the borrowing cost and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

1.13 Operating lease

Lease arrangements where risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are classified as operating lease. Rental expenses on assets obtained under operating lease arrangements are recognized on a straight line basis as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease term of respective lease arrangement.

1.14 Finance lease

Finance lease, which effectively transfers to the Company, substantially all the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the lower of the fair value and present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception





of the lease term, disclosed as leased assets and a liability is created for equivalent amount.

Each lease rental paid is allocated between the liability and finance charge so as to obtain constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability of each year. Finance charges are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs are capitalized.

1.15 Taxes on income

Tax expenses comprises of current tax, deferred tax charge or credit and adjustments of taxes for earlier years.

Provision for current tax is made as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years and are measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying amounts at each balance sheet date.

1.16 Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank balances, deposits with banks (other than on lien) and all short term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.17 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.18 Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value (except (a) retirement benefit (b) dismantling / decommissioning liabilities that are recognized as cost of Property, Plant and Equipment) and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A Contingent asset is neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.





1.19 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss (after tax) for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events of bonus issue and share split.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss (after tax) for the year attributable to the equity shareholders with the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year and are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.20 Segment reporting

The segments have been identified taking into account the nature of the products and services, geographical locations, nature of risks and returns, internal organization structure and internal financial reporting system. The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the company as whole.

1.21 Dividend distribution

Effective current year, final dividends on equity and preference shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends on equity & preference shares are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

1.22 Prior period Items

Prior period items are disclosed separately in financial statement.





Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
2	Share capital		
	Authorised 300,000 (P.Y. 300,000) Equity shares of Rs. 100 each	3,00,00,000	3,00,00,000
		<u>3,00,00,000</u>	<u>3,00,00,000</u>
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up 40,000 (P.Y. 40,000) Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid up	40,00,000	40,00,000
		<u>40,00,000</u>	<u>40,00,000</u>

2.1 Rights, preferences and restrictions of equity shares

The company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.100. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, there are no preferential amounts inter se equity shareholders. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder (after due adjustment in case shares are not fully paid up).

2.2 Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2019		As at 31st March 2018	
	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs.	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	40,000	40,00,000	40,000	40,00,000
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	40,000	40,00,000	40,000	40,00,000

2.3 Details of the equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company at the end of the year:

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March 2019		As at 31st March 2018	
	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Mr. K.B. Kotak	24,000	60%	24,000	60%
Mr. D.K.Kotak	8,000	20%	8,000	20%
Mr. V. K.Kotak	8,000	20%	8,000	20%

3 Reserves and Surplus

3.1 General Reserve		
Opening balance	51,51,966	51,51,966
Add: Transfer during the year	-	-
Closing balance	<u>51,51,966</u>	<u>51,51,966</u>
3.2 Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening surplus	27,05,46,010	13,29,84,092
Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	5,82,78,681	13,75,81,918
	<u>32,88,24,691</u>	<u>27,05,46,010</u>
	<u>33,39,76,657</u>	<u>27,56,97,976</u>

4 Long term borrowings

Secured		
Term loans from bank (Refer note 4.1)	22,57,385	29,59,799
	<u>22,57,385</u>	<u>29,59,799</u>

4.1 Term loan is secured by hypothecation of respective motor vehicles.

5 Other long-term liabilities

Others		
- Income received in advance	-	7,45,684
	<u>-</u>	<u>7,45,684</u>





Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
6	Short-term borrowings		
	Secured		
	Loans repayable on demand from banks		
	- Cash credit facilities (Refer note 6.1)	3,87,00,399	1,94,23,079
		<u>3,87,00,399</u>	<u>1,94,23,079</u>
6.1	Details of security provided		
	The cash credit from banks are secured by hypothecation of inventories, book debts, movable assets and personal guarantee of director.		
7	Trade Payables		
	Due to small and medium enterprises (Refer note 7.1)	2,56,747	-
	Others	27,01,97,158	37,63,81,081
		<u>27,04,53,905</u>	<u>37,63,81,081</u>

7.1 Disclosure under section 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is as tabulated below:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting year	2,56,747	-
The interest due on above, remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting year	2,665	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year	6,20,421	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	2,665	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year	2,665	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	140	-

The information has been given in respect of such suppliers to the extent they could be identified as 'micro and small enterprises' on the basis of information received and available with the Company. Auditors have relied upon the same.

8 Other current liabilities

Current maturities of long term loan		
- From bank	7,02,414	6,47,039
- From related party (Refer note 35.2)	-	14,73,500
Income received in advance	2,75,370	25,27,244
Creditors for capital goods		
- Others	-	40,090
Other payables		
- Statutory liabilities	80,24,518	1,68,26,551
- Advance from customers	1,49,66,745	49,02,463
- Security deposit	1,61,574	57,93,674
- Accrued expenses	1,05,24,525	99,35,858
- Employees dues	1,36,47,878	-
- Interest payable to Micro and small enterprises	2,665	-
- Other liabilities	3,19,725	3,19,725
	<u>4,80,25,414</u>	<u>4,24,06,144</u>

9 Short-term provisions

Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 24)	19,25,284	22,46,707
Others		
- Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)	-	20,34,039
- Provision for sales tax (Refer note 9.1)	5,08,917	5,11,704
	<u>19,44,206</u>	<u>47,91,950</u>

9.1 Pursuant to the accounting standard (AS) 29 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", the required information is as under:

Sales tax liability		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Opening balance	5,11,704	6,04,517
Add : Addition during the year	-	-
Less : Utilisation during the year	2,181	92,813
Less : Reversal during the year	-	-
Closing balance	<u>5,08,917</u>	<u>5,11,704</u>

Provision for differential sales tax liability amounting to Rs. 508,917 (P.Y. Rs. 511,704) was made towards liability on account of non submission of sales tax declaration forms in respect of pre GST period. Expected cash outflow, if any, will be in the year of final assessment by relevant authorities. For the purpose of classification of the same has been treated as short term provision considering that management does not have right to defer the settlement beyond 12 months in case liability arises.





Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

10 Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation/ amortization				(Amount in Rs.) Net block	
	As at 1st April 2018	Addition / Adjustment during year	Deletion / Adjustment during year	As at 31st March 2019	Up to 1st April 2018	For the year	Deletion	Up to 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2019	
Tangible assets										
Furniture and fixtures	61,48,407	4,84,035	2,52,117	63,80,325	29,62,255	8,72,515	2,47,774	35,86,996	27,93,329	
Plant and equipment	2,53,61,689	3,89,941	5,20,395	2,52,31,235	2,31,18,739	3,66,713	1,59,048	2,33,26,404	19,04,831	
Computers	94,43,961	20,46,979	1,39,247	1,13,51,693	79,23,191	11,98,955	1,39,247	89,82,899	23,68,794	
Office equipment	44,73,525	25,248	4,12,940	40,85,833	31,56,162	6,43,474	4,08,670	33,90,966	6,94,867	
Motor vehicles	1,30,25,170	20,25,453	10,85,199	1,39,65,424	71,86,817	23,33,490	10,23,376	84,96,931	54,68,493	
Leasehold improvement	-	1,79,08,160	-	1,79,08,160	-	17,76,099	-	17,76,099	1,61,32,061	
Sub total (A)	5,84,52,752	2,28,79,816	24,09,898	7,89,22,670	4,43,47,164	71,91,246	19,78,115	4,95,60,295	2,93,62,375	
Intangible assets										
Software (not internally-generated) (Refer Note 10.1)	2,34,995	63,292	-	2,98,287	1,39,269	68,109	-	2,07,378	90,909	
Sub Total (B)	2,34,995	63,292	-	2,98,287	1,39,269	68,109	-	2,07,378	90,909	
Total (A+B)	5,86,87,747	2,29,43,108	24,09,898	7,92,20,957	4,44,86,433	72,59,355	19,78,115	4,97,67,672	2,94,53,284	

Note 10.1 - Balance useful life is 1-2 years (F.Y. 1-3 years)





Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

10.2 Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets:

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation/ amortization			As at 31st March 2018	Net block
	As at 1st April 2017	Addition/ Adjustment during year	Deletion / Adjustment during year	As at 31st March 2018	Up to 1st April 2017	For the year	Deletion		
Tangible assets									
Furniture and fixtures	62,41,404	98,300	1,91,297	61,48,407	20,53,412	11,00,140	1,91,297	29,62,255	31,86,152
Plant and equipment	2,48,41,294	5,20,395		2,53,61,689	2,26,97,900	4,20,839		2,31,18,739	22,42,950
Computers	89,08,716	3,70,024	4,35,779	94,43,961	76,19,971	7,38,999	4,35,779	79,23,191	15,20,770
Office equipment	31,36,862	13,65,963	29,300	44,73,525	23,24,830	8,59,167	27,835	31,56,162	13,17,363
Motor vehicles	84,73,937	45,51,233		1,30,25,170	61,22,535	10,64,282		71,86,817	58,38,353
Sub total (A)	5,16,03,213	75,05,915	6,56,376	5,84,52,752	4,08,18,648	41,83,427	6,54,911	4,43,47,164	1,41,05,588
Intangible assets									
Software (not internally generated) (Refer Note 10.1)	2,13,995	21,000	-	2,34,995	90,293	48,976	-	1,39,269	95,726
Sub Total (B)	2,13,995	21,000	-	2,34,995	90,293	48,976	-	1,39,269	95,726
Capital work-in-progress [CWIP] (C)	-	30,68,369	-	30,68,369	-	-	-	-	30,68,369
Total (A+B+C)	5,18,17,208	1,05,95,284	6,56,376	6,17,56,116	4,09,08,941	42,32,403	6,54,911	4,44,86,433	1,72,69,683





Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited
CIN: U72100MH1988PTC046320
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
11	Non-current investments		
	(Long term, at cost)		
	Investments in equity instruments (Fully Paid up unless stated otherwise)		
	Trade investments (un-quoted)		
	2,500 (P.Y. 2,500) Fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each of The Saraswat Co-op. Bank Limited	25,000	25,000
	100,000 (P.Y. Nil) 0.01% Non convertible non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid- up of Portall Infosystem Private Limited	1,00,00,000	-
		1,00,25,000	25,000
	- Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1,00,25,000	25,000
	- Aggregate provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-
12	Long-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
	Security deposits (Refer note 12.2 and 35.2)	3,73,10,259	98,61,592
	Advance income tax & tax deducted at source (net of provision for tax)	80,62,293	60,07,069
	Prepaid expenses	7,47,158	7,45,684
	Loans and Advances to Related Parties (Refer note 12.1, 12.2 and 35.2)	50,00,000	-
	Earnest money deposit		
	- Considered good	93,60,210	1,69,93,486
	- Considered doubtful	14,98,367	14,70,804
	- Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(14,98,367)	(14,70,804)
		93,60,210	1,69,93,486
	Balance lying with government authority		
	- Considered good	4,09,180	1,65,118
	- Considered doubtful	20,06,271	20,06,271
	- Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(20,06,271)	(20,06,271)
		4,09,180	1,65,118
	Advance recoverable in cash or kind		
	- Considered doubtful	67,43,032	67,43,032
	- Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(67,43,032)	(67,43,032)
		-	-
		6,08,89,100	3,37,72,949
12.1	Disclosure as required by Section 186 of the Act:		
(i)	Name of the party and relationship with the party to whom loan given: Enterprises over which KMP's have control and significant influence Bliq Trading Private Limited	50,00,000	-
(ii)	Above loans has been given for general business purposes.		
(iii)	Above loans are interest bearing.		
(iv)	Above loans are not repayable within a period of 12 months.		
12.2	Loans & advances include amount of Rs. 32,860,000 (P.Y. Rs. Nil) due from companies / firms in which directors are interested as director or member or partner (Also refer note 35.2)		
13	Other non-current assets		
	Fixed deposits with bank (Margin deposits against bank guarantee)		
	- Maturity up to 12 months	88,31,576	46,63,943
	- Maturity with more than 12 months	60,38,614	1,04,60,620
		1,36,70,189	1,50,14,563
13.1	Margin deposit includes fixed deposit of Rs. 319,725 (P.Y. Rs. 319,725), which is earmarked against contribution from Arya Executive Club, having maturity of more than 12 months.		
14	Inventories		
	(Valued at lower of cost or NRV)		
	Stock in trade (in respect of goods acquired for trading)	11,62,19,179	16,10,40,131
	Stock in trade (in transit)	(25,097)	-
	Less: Provision for slow moving stock in trade	(79,60,600)	(60,87,305)
	(Also refer note 38)		
		10,82,33,483	15,49,52,826





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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
15	Trade receivables (Unsecured)		
	Outstanding for a period exceeding six months based on due date		
	- Considered good (Refer note no. 15.1)	8,81,39,661	3,39,95,330
	- Considered doubtful	93,08,970	28,44,937
	Others		
	- Considered good (Refer note no. 15.1)	32,26,77,435	37,36,01,156
	- Considered doubtful	-	-
		<u>42,01,26,067</u>	<u>41,04,41,423</u>
	Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful trade receivables	(93,08,970)	(28,44,937)
		<u>41,08,17,097</u>	<u>40,75,96,486</u>
15.1	Trade receivable above include due from companies / firms in which directors are interested as director or member or partner is given below : (Also refer note 35.2)		
		As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
	Over six months from the date they are due for payment	12,91,968	4,34,380
	Others	88,30,269	21,40,171
	Total	<u>1,01,22,237</u>	<u>25,74,551</u>
16	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash and cash equivalent		
	Balance with banks		
	- In current account	81,81,548	2,70,98,727
	- In EEFC account	5,88,125	3,01,346
	Cash on hand	1,73,197	1,04,785
		<u>89,42,870</u>	<u>2,75,04,858</u>
	Other bank balance (Margin deposit) (Refer note 16.1)		
	- Maturity up to 12 months	1,72,61,660	3,16,25,769
	- Maturity with more than 12 months	58,82,255	69,58,303
		<u>3,20,86,785</u>	<u>6,60,88,930</u>
16.1	Margin deposits with bank are against bank guarantee.		
17	Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
	- Advance to suppliers	1,48,02,353	34,40,748
	- Special additional duty refund receivable	1,93,374	11,57,848
	- Prepaid expenses	12,53,314	62,49,264
	- Loans and advances given to employees	8,91,080	9,26,755
	- Balance with government authority	26,24,937	18,34,750
		<u>1,97,65,057</u>	<u>1,36,09,365</u>
	Advance recoverable in cash or kind		
	- Considered good (Refer note 26.2)	-	24,04,673
	- Considered doubtful	-	10,84,679
	- Less: Provision for doubtful advance	-	(10,84,679)
		<u>-</u>	<u>24,04,673</u>
		<u>1,97,65,057</u>	<u>1,60,14,038</u>
18	Other current assets		
	Sales tax refundable / paid under protest (Refer note 26.2)	-	60,76,203
	Accrued Income	34,84,970	7,88,880
	Interest receivable on fixed deposits	20,14,030	28,17,362
	Interest receivable on related parties (Refer note 35.2)	7,81,000	-
	Interest receivable from income tax	29,62,662	29,62,662
	Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(29,62,662)	(29,62,662)
		<u>57,39,697</u>	<u>91,80,200</u>





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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2019	For the year ended 31st March 2018
19	Revenue from operations		
	Sale of goods (Refer note 38)	1,41,31,63,547	1,75,07,62,238
	Sale of services		
	- Service income	3,36,72,900	3,01,73,221
	- Commission income	4,34,28,038	2,45,36,468
	Other operating income:		
	- Sundry credit balance written back	37,93,272	1,27,847
	- Provision for doubtful debts written back	-	4,26,34,773
		1,49,40,57,757	1,84,82,34,547
20	Other incomes		
	Interest income		
	- On income tax refund	1,27,341	-
	- From banks	23,15,708	38,62,705
	- From others	2,41,096	-
	Dividend income (long term investment)	4,375	7,500
	Gain on sale / discard / scrap of assets	4,72,857	13,535
	Miscellaneous income	74,868	23,235
		32,36,245	39,06,975
21	Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade		
	Opening stock (gross)	16,10,40,131	14,67,51,513
	Less: Closing stock	11,62,19,179	16,10,40,131
		4,48,20,952	(1,42,88,618)
22	Direct expenses		
	Service and repair charges	97,40,745	84,62,398
	Installation expenses	54,77,186	94,44,415
		1,52,17,931	1,79,06,813
23	Employee benefit expenses		
	Salaries and wages (Refer note 35.2)	17,19,25,150	14,07,03,793
	Directors remuneration	1,96,00,000	5,00,31,909
	Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 29.2)	1,18,97,837	90,48,049
	Gratuity and leave benefit expenses (net of reversal) (Refer note 29)	10,96,585	17,80,395
	Staff welfare expenses	10,00,074	7,00,111
		20,55,80,546	20,23,27,557





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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

Note No	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2019	For the year ended 31st March 2018
24	Administrative and selling expenses		
	Electricity charges	41,63,226	36,01,755
	Rent (Refer note 32)	2,19,65,776	1,48,15,636
	Cash discount	-	1,61,021
	CSR expenditure & donation [Net of recovery Rs. Nil (P.Y. Rs. 3,00,000)]	26,08,500	10,50,000
	Insurance	42,04,681	25,03,496
	Rates and taxes (Refer note 24.2)	3,25,063	2,59,616
	Exchange rate fluctuation (net)	(1,85,228)	16,37,794
	Auditors' remuneration		
	- As auditor (excluding GST)	8,30,000	8,30,000
	Communication expenses	34,84,041	27,03,179
	Books, periodicals & subscriptions	41,273	8,39,961
	Professional and consultation expenses	1,84,86,738	1,22,31,954
	Repairs & maintenance - buildings	84,078	42,039
	Repairs & maintenance - others	62,67,432	54,80,315
	Printing & stationery	11,93,916	10,55,805
	Conveyance	19,95,421	16,52,695
	Travelling expenses - local & foreign	1,62,63,151	1,27,71,159
	Security expenses	9,64,751	7,00,703
	Liquidated damage charges (Refer note 24.1)	14,042	-
	Brokerage expenses	2,92,70,236	3,73,07,954
	Motor car expenses	33,52,625	22,19,148
	Business promotion expenses	49,41,320	32,22,147
	Training expenses	1,95,390	30,254
	Assets held for disposal written off	4,358	-
	Input service tax credit written off	-	35,00,000
	Less: Provision for input service tax utilised	-	(35,00,000)
		-	-
	Considered good	10,84,679	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful advance	(10,84,679)	-
		-	-
	Bad-Debts	6,71,281	10,24,165
	Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables utilised	(3,74,716)	(3,44,895)
		2,96,565	6,79,270
	Provision for slow moving inventory	18,73,295	20,55,640
	Provision for doubtful trade receivables	68,38,750	-
	Provision for earnest money deposit	27,563	50,120
	Provision for doubtful receivables	-	29,62,662
	Sundry balance written off	23,55,039	-
	Miscellaneous expense	49,30,024	38,24,569
		13,67,92,026	11,46,88,892
24.1	Liquidated damage charges of Rs. 14,042 (P.Y. Rs. Nil) had been deducted by the customers in accordance with the contractual terms. Based on the information available with the Company, there are no claims made by the customers in current year and therefore, no provision is considered necessary by the management.		
24.2	Miscellaneous expense includes Rs. 1,376,490 (P.Y. Rs. 637,694) on account of goods and services tax reversal. Expense wise break-up of the same is not readily available.		
25	Finance costs:		
	Interest expenses		
	- On car loan from bank	2,73,157	90,661
	- On working capital loan from banks	15,60,344	84,36,156
	- On others	55,515	10,08,086
	Other borrowing costs	31,93,732	49,16,021
		50,82,748	1,44,50,924





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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019

26 Contingent liabilities:

- 26.1 Bank guarantee given by bank on behalf of the company amounting to Rs. 151,791,348 for the year ended as on 31st March 2019 (P.Y. Rs.144,013,110). Cash outflow is probable in case of non-performance as per the contract.
- 26.2 In previous year, there was a contingent liability in respect of demand raised for sales tax amounting to Rs.2,653,380 for the financial years 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 against which Company's appeal was pending. As the matter has been decided in Company's favour, the Company has received refund orders for Rs. 2,453,942 subsequent to 31st March 2019 which was paid under protest in earlier years. Consequently, there is no contingent liability as on 31st March 2019.

27 Other Litigations:

- 27.1 In Income tax, assessing officer has disallowed certain expenses during the assessment year 2012-13 and 2013-14. Company has filed appeal before CIT (appeal) against the orders. As there is no demand raised due to losses and refund, there are no contingent liabilities in current year and previous year.

28 Capital Commitments:

- 28.1 In respect of fixed assets - Leasehold improvement (net of advance) Rs. Nil (P.Y. Rs. 5,685,415).

29 Disclosure as required by Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) on Employee benefits:

29.1 Brief description of the plans:

The Company has provided for gratuity, a defined benefit plan based on actuarial valuation as of the balance sheet date, based upon which, the Company contributes all the ascertained liabilities to the insurer managed funds. During the year, the Company has restricted the benefit amount to Rs. 2,000,000 and closing value of obligation has been computed accordingly as at 31st March 2019. The Company has not quantified the amount of reduction in defined benefit due to this restriction. The employees of the Company are also entitled to sick leave benefit (other long term benefit) in the nature of compensated absences as per the Company's policy. In respect of privileged leave, since there is no carry forward of unutilised leave as at year end, no provision is required to be made as at year end.

29.2 Charged to statement of profit & loss based on contributions:

Particulars	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Provident fund and employees' pension scheme	1,17,53,909	88,91,015
ESIC	1,41,914	1,55,342
Labour welfare fund	2,014	1,692
Total	1,18,97,837	90,48,049

29.3 The following table set out the status of the gratuity plan as required under AS 15 (revised)

Change in the value of obligations	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Opening liability at the beginning of the year	2,22,01,700	2,22,39,013
Interest cost	15,91,227	16,20,714
Current service cost	23,47,826	20,83,207
Benefits paid	(2,36,701)	(1,26,030)
Past service cost	(48,08,999)	-
Liability transferred in	2,68,932	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	36,51,906	(5,48,118)
Liability at the end of the year	2,80,75,977	2,52,61,786

Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	2,36,90,078	2,03,55,469
Expected return on plan assets	18,43,088	14,83,914
Contributions	16,30,435	18,76,544
Benefit paid	(2,36,701)	(1,26,030)
Assets transferred in	5,46,000	-
Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	(16,972)	1,00,181
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	2,74,55,928	2,36,90,078

Recognition of actuarial gain / (loss)	(Amount in Rs.)	
	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations (A)	36,51,906	(5,48,118)
Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets (B)	16,972	1,00,181
Actuarial (gain) / loss recognized in the statement of profit & loss (A-B)	36,68,878	(6,48,299)



(Amount in Rs.)

Actual return on plan asset	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Expected return on plan assets	18,43,088	14,83,914
Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	(16,972)	1,00,181
Actual return on plan assets	18,26,116	15,84,095

(Amount in Rs.)

Amount recognized in the balance sheet	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Liability as per actuarial valuation for continuing employees at the end of the year (A)	2,80,75,977	2,52,61,786
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year (B)	2,74,55,928	2,36,90,078
Net liability for employee benefits (A – B)	6,20,049	15,71,708

(Amount in Rs.)

Gratuity recognized in the statement of profit & loss	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Current service cost	23,47,826	20,83,207
Interest cost	(2,51,861)	1,36,800
Actuarial (gain) / loss	36,68,878	(6,48,299)
Past service cost	(48,08,999)	-
Total expenses recognized in the statement of profit & loss	9,55,844	15,71,708

(Amount in Rs.)

Balance sheet reconciliation	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Opening liability	15,71,708	18,76,544
Expense as above	9,55,844	15,71,708
Contribution during the year	(16,30,435)	(18,76,544)
Net liability / (asset) transfer in	(2,77,068)	-
Net liability / (asset) recognized in balance sheet- Disclosed under short term provision	6,20,049	15,71,708

Expected contribution in next 1 year is Rs. 620,049 (P.Y. Rs. 1,571,708)

Assumptions	As at 31st March 2019	As at 31st March 2018
Discount rate	7.59%	7.78%
Rate of return on plan assets	7.59%	7.78%
Expected rate of salary increase	7%	6%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	31st March 2019	31st March 2018	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2015
Defined benefit obligation	2,80,75,977	2,52,61,786	2,22,32,013	1,91,98,905	1,77,93,864
Fair value of plan assets	2,74,55,928	2,36,90,078	2,03,55,469	1,69,93,689	1,42,11,529
Surplus / (Deficit)	(6,20,049)	(15,71,708)	(18,76,544)	(22,05,216)	(35,82,335)
Experience adjustment on obligations (gain) / loss	55,55,758	4,73,581	(12,12,093)	7,16,872	6,32,729
Experience adjustment on plan asset (loss) / gain	(16,972)	1,00,181	1,18,027	2,32,127	1,81,037

Investment Details	31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Investment with insurer	100%	100%

- 29.4 Liability for sick leave benefits is unfunded and long term liability is actuarially determined considering the leave policy / rules of the company. The amount of provision made for long term leave benefits of Rs. 815,240 (Previous year Rs. 674,499) which is determined on actuarial basis is included in note 9 of 'Short term provision' for the purpose of disclosure requirement as per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. As per paragraph 132 of Accounting Standards 15 – Employee benefits, no disclosures tables are required to be given in respect of leave benefits (other long term employee benefits).

30 Deferred tax assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Deferred Tax Assets on account of		
Depreciation	25,09,502	19,42,437
Provision for leave	2,37,398	1,96,414
Provision for doubtful advances / other receivables	13,54,278	16,62,110
Provision for slow moving inventories	23,18,127	17,72,623
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	27,10,772	8,28,446
Provision for contingencies (sales tax)	1,48,197	1,49,008
Total	92,78,273	65,51,038

There are no timing differences for which deferred tax liability is required to be recognized in current year and previous year.



31 Earnings per share (EPS):

Particulars	Unit	2018-19	2017-18
Profit / (Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders	Rs.	5,82,78,681	13,75,61,918
Weighted average number of Equity Shares used in computing basic and diluted EPS	Nos.	40,000	40,000
Face value per share	Rs.	100	100
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	Rs.	1,456.97	3,439.05

32 Disclosure for lease

32.1 As lessee - operating lease

The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of operating leases for premises (for office, stores, godowns etc.) These leasing arrangements are a) generally cancellable with notice by either party and are usually renewable by mutually agreeable terms and b) non-cancellable lease arrangement. The aggregate lease rentals payable are charged as rent under Note 24. Disclosure in respect of non-cancellable lease arrangement is as follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Within one year of balance sheet date	38,75,855	51,74,160
Due in a period between one year and five year	8,64,000	47,39,855
Above five years	-	-
Contingent rent	-	-

33 Corporate Social Responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) committee has been formed by the Company. The area for CSR activities are education and empowerment, health and sanitation, environment and others.

(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the current year was Rs. 2,477,272 (P.Y. Rs. 1,248,019).

(b) Details of amount spent during the year are as under:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
Construction/acquisition of assets	2018-2019	-	-	-
Other purposes		25,00,000	-	25,00,000
Construction/acquisition of assets	2017-2018	-	-	-
Other purposes		13,50,000	-	13,50,000

Note: Cash flow from operating activities includes CSR amounting to Rs. 2,500,000 (P.Y. Rs.1,350,000).



34 Disclosure as required by 'Accounting Standard 17-Segment reporting' (AS 17)

34.1 Business segment- Primary

Till previous year, the Company had two primary business divisions i.e. Securecom division and Arya Water Technologies (AWT). Securecom division deals in products used in security / public safety and relevant services for the same. AWT division deals for installation of 'water solutions systems'. From current year, the Company has started new business division called 'Infosystem' which deals into IT related services which is also primary segment. Management has decided to disclose the same as reportable segment in accordance with AS 17 from current year.

34.2 Geographical segment- Secondary

The Company operates in single geographical location.

Disclosure as per AS 17 is as follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Securecom division	AWT division	Infosystem division	Unallocated	Total
Revenue					
Income from Operation	1,42,95,37,291	6,27,76,971	17,43,495	-	1,49,40,57,757
	1,77,07,83,321	7,74,51,226	-	-	1,84,82,34,547
Total Revenue	1,42,95,37,291	6,27,76,971	17,43,495	-	1,49,40,57,757
	1,77,07,83,321	7,74,51,226	-	-	1,84,82,34,547
Results					
Segment result	21,06,41,422	(2,52,02,231)	(2,54,40,851)	-	15,99,98,340
	28,84,62,073	(92,27,722)	-	-	27,92,34,351
Unallocated expense net of income excluding Interest	-	-	-	(6,96,46,748)	(6,96,46,748)
	-	-	-	(5,30,83,168)	(5,30,83,168)
Depreciation	-	-	-	(72,59,355)	(72,59,355)
	-	-	-	(42,32,403)	(42,32,403)
Interest Expenses (Including bank Charges)	(26,71,357)	(50,597)	-	(23,60,795)	(50,82,748)
	(39,62,995)	(75,746)	-	(1,04,12,183)	(1,44,50,924)
Interest Income	-	-	-	26,84,145	26,84,145
	-	-	-	38,62,705	38,62,705
Profit before tax, prior year adjustments and exceptional items	20,79,70,066	(2,52,52,828)	(2,54,40,851)	(7,65,82,752)	8,06,93,634
	28,44,99,078	(93,03,468)	-	(6,38,65,049)	21,13,30,561
Prior period income/ (Expenses)	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes (incl. deferred taxes)	-	-	-	2,26,22,701	2,26,22,701
	-	-	-	7,37,68,642	7,37,68,642
Net Profit/ (Loss) after tax	20,79,65,922	(2,52,52,828)	(2,54,40,851)	(9,92,05,453)	5,80,66,789
	28,44,99,078	(93,03,468)	-	(13,76,33,691)	13,75,61,919
Other Information					
Segment assets	50,91,31,131	4,60,19,508	6,56,332	14,41,50,994	69,99,57,966
	54,09,14,063	6,00,19,896	-	12,55,31,753	72,64,65,712
Segment Liabilities	26,70,77,873	1,83,42,777	-	7,65,60,659	36,19,81,309
	35,99,60,197	2,20,69,031	-	6,47,38,509	44,67,67,737
Capital Expenditure	1,40,800	18,48,442	-	1,78,85,497	1,98,74,739
	-	5,20,395	-	1,00,74,889	1,05,95,284
Non-Cash expenses other than depreciation / amortization	-	-	-	72,59,355	72,59,355
	-	-	-	42,32,403	42,32,403
Provision for others	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	29,62,662	29,62,662
Provision for doubtful debts (other than reversal)	41,61,096	26,77,654	-	-	68,38,750
	-	-	-	-	-
Provision for slow moving stores items	18,73,205	-	-	-	18,73,295
	20,55,640	-	-	-	20,55,640
Provision for earnest money deposit	27,563	-	-	-	27,563
	50,120	-	-	-	50,120

Note: Figures in non-bold are in respect of previous year.



35 Disclosures in respect of Accounting Standard – 18, Related Party Disclosures, as notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as amended:

35.1 The Nature of relationships:

Relationships	Name of Parties
Key managerial person (KMP)	Shri. K. B. Kotak (Director)
	Shri. D. K. Kotak (S/o Shri. K. B. Kotak) (Director)
	Shri. V. K. Kotak (S/o Shri. K. B. Kotak) (Director)
	Smt. Kamini Kotak (Wife of Shri. K.B. Kotak)
	Smt. Vidhyaben Kotak (Mother of Shri. K.B. Kotak)
Enterprises over which KMP's have control and significant influence (to the extent there are transactions)	International Cargo Terminals & Rail Infrastructure Private Limited
	Arya Offshore Services Private Limited
	International Cargo Terminals & Infrastructure Private Limited
	J. M. Baxi & Co.
	J.M. Baxi Incubators Private Limited
	Visakha Container Terminal Private Limited
	ICT Infrastructure Private Limited
	United Liner Shipping Services LLP
	Boxco Logistic India Private Limited
	M/s Bulk Cargo Conveyor
	Paradip International Cargo Terminal Private Limited
	Portall Infosystem Private Limited
	K Steamship Agencies Private Limited
	Container Movement Transport (Bombay) Private Limited
	Boxcoworld Logistics Private Limited
	Boxco Shipping Service Private Limited
	Bliq Trading Private Limited
	Breal Estate One Private Limited
	Barking Deer Hospitality Private Limited
	Haldia International Container Terminal Private Limited
	Kandla International Container Terminal Private Limited

35.2 Transaction with related parties:

Nature of transactions with related parties:	Name of party	(Amount in Rs.)	
		31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Sales of goods and services			
	Arya offshore Services Private Limited	6,96,938	5,750
	International Cargo Terminals & Infrastructure Private Limited	1,33,30,763	2,06,945
	J. M. Baxi & Co.	63,720	65,265
	J.M. Baxi Incubators Private Limited	5,54,895	-
	Visakha Container Terminal Private Limited	-	46,020
	K Steamship Agencies Private Limited	63,720	-
	International Cargo Terminals & Rail Infrastructure Private Limited	1,60,486	-
	Haldia International Container Terminal Private Limited	35,400	-
	Container Movement Transport (Bombay) Private Limited	63,720	-
	Boxco Logistic India Private Limited	28,320	-
	Boxco Shipping Service Private Limited	28,320	-
	Boxcoworld Logistics Private Limited	28,320	-
	Breal Estate One Private Limited	17,78,804	-
	Barking Deer Hospitality Private Limited	10,54,526	-
	Paradip International Cargo Terminal Private Limited	2,67,860	42,23,692
	United Liner Shipping Services LLP	3,52,371	15,600
	Kandla International Container Terminal Private Limited	44,250	1,72,236
Services/overheads charged (including reimbursements)			
Repair and maintenance	J. M. Baxi & Co.	52,489	42,698
Rent	International Cargo Terminals and Infrastructure Private Limited	-	7,74,234
	Breal Estate One Private Limited	50,78,000	-
	IOT Infrastructure Private Limited	19,23,500	-
	Boxco Logistic India Private Limited	4,32,000	-
	Smt. Vidhyaben Kotak	5,40,000	3,00,000
	United Liner Shipping Services LLP	-	52,650
Service and repair charges	Boxcoworld Logistics Private Limited	6,48,393	-
	Boxco Logistic India Private Limited	67,156	-



Nature of transactions with related parties	Name of party	31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Professional & consultancy charges	Smt. Kamini Kotak	10,80,000	-
Other expenses	J. M. Baxi & Co.	5,09,605	61,363
	K Steamship Agencies Private Limited	32,389	-
	Breal Estate One Private Limited	14,05,561	-
	International Cargo Terminals and Infrastructure Private Limited	-	26,394
Loan taken	Shri. K. B. Kotak	-	7,00,00,000
Repayments of loan	Shri. K. B. Kotak	14,73,500	7,85,26,500
Loan given	Bliq Trading Private Limited	50,00,000	-
Deposit given	ICT Infrastructure Private Limited	2,50,00,000	-
	Breal Estate One Private Limited	28,50,000	-
Investment in preference shares	Portall Infosystem Private Limited	1,00,00,000	-
Interest Receivable	Bliq Trading Private Limited	2,41,096	-
Directors remuneration (including P.F. contribution)	Shri. K. B. Kotak [Including incentive of Rs. Nil (P.Y. Rs. 40,431,909)] (Refer Note 23)	1,34,40,000	4,17,75,909
	Shri. D.K.Kotak	80,64,000	80,64,000
	Shri. V.K.Kotak (Upto July 2018)	4,48,000	13,44,000
	Portall Infosystem Private Limited	1,00,00,000	-
Closing balance receivables	Bliq Trading Private Limited	52,41,096	-
	International Cargo Terminals & Rail Infrastructure Private Limited	81,822	53,099
	International Cargo Terminals & Infrastructure Private Limited	77,58,700	-
	Arya Offshore Services Private Limited	3,29,019	-
	Boxco Logistic India Private Limited	-	74,521
	Paradip International Cargo Terminal Private Limited	4,37,354	19,36,067
	United Liner Shipping Services LLP	1,39,090	15,600
	ICT Infrastructure Private Limited	2,50,00,000	2,13,133
	Haldia International Container Terminal Private Limited	13,275	-
	Container Movement Transport (Bombay) Private Limited	63,720	-
	Boxco Shipping Service Private Limited	10,620	-
	Boxcoworld Logistics Private Limited	10,620	-
	Breal Estate One Private Limited	34,31,289	-
	Barking Deer Hospitality Private Limited	2,19,381	-
	Kandla International Container Terminal Private Limited	1,58,610	2,82,131
	Closing balances payable	Arya Offshore Services Private Limited	36,660
Shri K. B. Kotak		-	14,73,500
International Cargo Terminals and Infrastructure Private Limited		-	7,500
J. M. Baxi & Co.		29,170	5,591
Visakha Container Terminal Private Limited		43,900	-

* Refer note 6.1 with respect to personal guarantee given by director of the Company in respect of secured loans availed from the bank.

36 Disclosure with respect to derivative instruments

- 36.1 There are no foreign currency exposures that are covered by derivative instruments as on 31st March 2019 and 31st March 2018.
- 36.2 Foreign currency exposures that are not covered by a derivative instrument or otherwise:

Particulars	31st March 2019		31st March 2018	
	Amount in US\$	Equivalent Rs.	Amount in US\$	Equivalent Rs.
Liability for supply & services	12,19,032	8,43,20,444	4,21,749	2,74,30,168
Receivables	2,53,559	1,75,38,705	1,49,901	97,28,474
Advance to vendor	1,28,577	88,93,671	6,283	4,08,646
Advance from customers	-	-	-	-

Note: Open purchase orders/ sales orders (if any) are not considered for the purpose of above disclosure.

37 Income / expenditure in foreign currency

Particulars	31st March 2019	31st March 2018
Expenditure in foreign currency	30,82,111	13,96,326
- Traveling, membership & subscription and professional & consultation fees		
Earnings in foreign currency	5,90,85,238	3,01,03,527
- Commission income and engineering charges (including taxes)		
G.I.F. value of imports	21,99,27,342	30,26,70,466



38 Particulars in respect of goods traded

Class of goods	Opening stock	Purchases	Sales	Closing Stock
Two-way communication radios	12,81,42,977 (11,52,66,639)	64,29,02,866 (92,35,98,844)	1,05,67,51,474 (1,27,19,44,225)	7,80,49,182 (12,81,42,977)
Electronic safe locks, water purify equipments & accessories, spare parts, accessories, components, computers, Scramblers etc.	3,28,97,154 (3,14,84,874)	35,89,43,944 (37,78,94,147)	35,64,12,073 (47,88,18,013)	3,81,69,997 (3,28,97,154)
Total current year	16,10,40,131	1,00,18,46,810	1,41,31,63,547	11,62,19,179
Total previous year	(14,67,51,513)	(1,30,14,92,991)	(1,75,07,62,238)	(16,10,40,131)

Note: Figures in bracket indicate previous year's figures.

- 38.1 The figures of opening and closing stock are after the adjustment on account of stocks written off and before provision of obsolete stock.
- 38.2 Values of opening stock & closing stock includes materials in transit.
- 39 Additional information as required by para 5 of General Instructions for preparation of Statement of Profit and Loss (other than already disclosed above) are either nil or not applicable.
- 40 Previous year's comparatives
Previous year figures are regrouped or rearranged wherever considered necessary.

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W / W100149

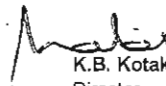


Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286



Place: Mumbai
Dated: 28th June 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of
Arya Communications & Electronics Services Private Limited



K.B. Kotak
Director
DIN: 00010788

28 JUN 2019



D. K. Kotak
Director
DIN:00013988

28 JUN 2019